In order to illustrate the nature and power of an efficacious sign, this author draws upon the examples of the striking of the rock in the Old Testament. The first time the Israelites ran out of water and questioned whether the Lord was with them (Exod. 17:7) when Moses struck the rock at Horeb, water flowed out. Years later, the Israelites ran out of water again and complained to Moses (Num. 20:2-5). In this second instance (Num. 20:8), Yahweh instructed Moses to tell the rock to yield water. This second instant of the Lord telling Moses to speak to the rock conveys the workings of the sacrament. The rock had already been struck earlier and yielded water. It did not need to be struck again. Moses only needed say the word. The salvation of the past was efficaciously made present through sign and word. A sacrament makes present the saving grace wrought by God in the past.

Tim Gray goes on to relate the scriptural framework for each of the seven sacraments, judiciously calling upon the Catechism and other Church documents. His text provides questions at the end of each chapter for the reader. Sacraments in Scripture: Salvation History Made Present would be a suitable text for RCIA programs, high school catechesis as well as adult ed. The approach is straightforward and clear, a worthy contribution for these audiences.

Sr. Madeleine Grace, C.V.I.

Houston, Tex.

Sharing the Faith


To time-bound mortals, the Holy Spirit's "sense of timing" often seems askew. One can imagine, for example, a Roman patriot's utter dismay as he watched, with western civilization crashing in flames around him, its best and the brightest citizens followed the Holy Spirit off into the desert just when, to the patriot's eyes, the Empire most needed their help. Or again, no sooner was the Church wrenched of half its resources by the Protestant revolution, than did the Holy Spirit calmly present it with not one, but two, vast trans-oceanic continents to evangelize.

It is with something of the same "is this really happening now" puzzlement that one sees today, concomitant with the grossest clergy scandals since, well, probably ever, and in a period when the Church's message is more likely than ever to meet with modernist derision, nothing less than the greatest flowering of Catholic apologetics in a century, and of lay Catholic apologetics in a millennium, if not two.

But try telling, to tap just the top of the iceberg, Karl Keating or James Akin, Peter Kreeft or Fr. Mitchell Pacwa S.J., that this is not exactly the best time to be so front and center with the Gospel message, or that now is rather the

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HOMILETIC & PASTORAL REVIEW
time for strategic compromises with secular powers, or that our efforts should concentrate on not losing more creditability while we try to regroup for the future. Go ahead. I dare you.

Modern Catholic apologetics (one could almost say American Catholic apologetics, since it is almost a uniquely American phenomenon at present) has two characteristics that, second only to the remarkableness of the Holy Spirit’s calling it forth at such an “inopportune” time, bear careful noting: first, it is almost entirely a lay movement; second, it is much, much larger than most realize. There are, in fact, besides the dozen or so well known names, hundreds of Americans who devote a significant amount of their time to Catholic apologetics, and some thousands more who follow it closely, awaiting but a nudge to enter the field themselves. And it has all happened with no episcopal leadership, indeed, with virtually no episcopal presence until very recently.

The apologetics movement has so far concentrated on the urgent task of producing substantive answers to modern doctrinal questions and objections. Mark Brumley has certainly added his share of materials to this corpus. But now Brumley has produced what I think is the apologetics movement’s first self-study and, not to put too a fine a point on it, I don’t think anyone in America was better qualified to do it.

Mark Brumley is a married layman with five children. He personally experienced and grappled with a host of apologetical issues as he wound his way through various Protestant denominations on his way to the Catholic Church. He has been a Catholic for more than twenty years, so no neophyte he.

Brumley worked several years for the oldest and largest apologetics apostolate in the America, Keating’s San Diego-based Catholic Answers, Inc. He wrote, debated, lectured, and advised on a wide range of apologetical issues, all the while applying his prodigious capacity to learn to the great questions facing modern seekers of religious truth. He gained additional insights by serving in a metropolitan chancery, and along the way lifted an ordinary diocesan newspaper from somnambulence to being recognized as the best in America. During those same years, and at significant personal sacrifice, he earned a masters degree in theological studies from the University of Dallas and has since served as adjunct professor for apologetics for the Institute for Pastoral Theology of Ave Maria University.

At Ignatius Press for the last eight years, he is pulling together a series of apologetics book, which to date includes such notable works as Stephen Ray’s defense of the papacy, Upon This Rock, and Carl Olson’s critique of the Rapture and Protestant Dispensationalism, Will Catholics be Left ‘Behind’?. Amid all these plentiful duties and more, he wrote the present book and is editing the Ignatius Press Encyclopedia of Apologetics and Evangelization which, when it is released, will be the indispensable resource for which thousands of rank and file apologists have been longing. There is, in no brief, almost no one in apologetics whom Brumley does not know, practically no aspect of apologetics unfamiliar to him, and virtually no issue in the field that he has not studied. And all of this erudition and experience is brought to bear a remarkably compact 124-page book released by Catholic Answers, Inc.

Despite his unequaled resume, Brumley’s treatise on apologetics and evangelization is
hardly a list of Thou Shalts; he is too wise, and too humble, to try to tell a thousand apologists, themselves facing ten-thousand issues, how to go about their task. Rather, Brumley chose to narrate seven pitfalls in the path of apologetics, obstacles to effectiveness that, in his words, “I have seen and continue to see all too clearly in my own life.”

No more than did Avery Cardinal Dulles in his incisive Preface will I try “to summarize the contents of this brief, lively, and eminently readable book.” Suffice to say, with Cardinal Dulles, that the seven deadly sins Brumley underscores are not imaginary, but rather are vocational hazards that are almost inseparable from the calling of all apologists. Few there are, I think, who will fail to see themselves reflected in Brumley’s gentle warnings about, say, apologetical gluttony (Chap. 1) or winning for the sake of winning (chap. 6). With Brumley’s help, each apologist can avoid the danger of confusing the faith with our arguments for it (chap. 3), or levying (or responding too harshly to) friendly fire between ourselves (Chap. 5). Nor does Brumley content himself, as he could have, with simply pointing out pitfalls to apologetics, for in two insightful chapters (9, 10) he offers concrete advice on how to address these tendencies among apologists, and suggests nothing less than seven healthy habits conducive to and worthy of genuine apologists, men and women shoulder a task that is truly more important now than ever.

I need hardly add that the book deserves a wide reading, not just in the United States, but immediately in all English-speaking nations, where the tradition of direct, street-corner apologetics is oldest. Then, we need quickly to get about the task of having this remarkable work put into Spanish, French, and German, and from there, into a host of third-world languages where the Holy Spirit’s remarkable sense of timing has clearly been pointing for some time.

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A life of prayer


The story of St. Rita is interesting and inspiring. She lived in Italy, born in 1381. Her parents were devout and so respected that in the many feuds that went on at that time, they were accepted as peacemakers. They were poor and little Rita had to help with the family chores, including washing the clothes in the nearby river, pounding them on rocks worn smooth by generations of girls and women washing in this way.